

Marc Chagall Lovers in Grey Les Amoureux en gris French Lithograph
Mourlot 194

Marc Chagall

Sold



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REF: 11156

Height: 22 cm (8.7")

Width: 18.5 cm (7.3")

Depth: 3 cm (1.2")

Description

This is one of several love scenes that Marc Chagall created for the limited edition monograph "Chagall" written by J. Lassaigne about his life until 1957. Tenderness and trust seem to bind this couple together, who are lost in thought in the middle of darkness. Everything else surrounding them is faded out in order to intensify the significance of this intimate moment.

Mourlot, Fernand. Chagall Lithograph II 1957-1962, André Sauret, Monte-Carlo 1963, pages 20-29, no. 194 Edition 6,000 Set inside a cream mount bearing brass cartellino Visible sheet size Length 18.5 Height 22cm In a carved and gilded frame Frame size Length 39.5cm, Height 47cm The reverse with a paper label in Japanese Provenance : Private Collection, purchased with Inspirations

Since 1852 Fernand Mourlot has been synonymous with the resurgence of lithography - a process which under his influence, attracted the greatest artistic masters of our time. The medium provided a new avenue of expression, a new realm of possibilities for the likes of Picasso, Matisse, Chagall, Miró, Braque, Dubuffet, Léger, and Giacometti to enrich their own work as well as fine art in general. Under the guidance of Mourlot, modern lithography developed a personality and discovered a future.

With a lithograph printshop on the rue Chabrol, one of the most popular neighborhoods in East Paris, the studio focused largely on commercial work and theater and cabaret posters. While Mourlot already had a name in printing before the outbreak of the First World War, it wasn't until the Delacroix Exhibition in 1930 that one of the most important features of Fernand Mourlot's domain was revealed, the art poster. Per Mourlot's ingenuity, the exhibition poster was prepared and produced as a work of art in its own right for the first time.

In addition, Mourlot cultivated the lithograph as a painter's medium. Initially limited to illustration, the lithograph was invented by Aloys Senefelder at the end of the 18th century. Although immediately accepted in the highest critic's circles, the medium did not flourish until its adaptation by Cheret, Lautrec, Bonnard, and Vuillard who found a unique form of expression in its' modern technique and bold colors. Fernand Mourlot identified this niche and employed its evident popularity by inviting artists to work directly on the stone, as if creating a poster. The first painters to create lithographs at the Mourlot Frères studio were Vlaminck and Utrillo, and for many years they would be the only ones. Further, he experimented with lithographic inks and colors, carefully dosing the varnishes and essences, and analyzing the resistance of the resulting tones to the effect of light.

In 1937, the studio created two posters (based on paintings by Matisse and Bonnard) for the Maitres de l'Art indépendant exhibition at the Petit Palais. The posters were of such excellent quality that it was clear they had attained the height of printing mastery. In the same year, the studio began a fruitful collaboration with the editor Tériade, founder of the legendary review Verve. It was then that Mourlot assisted Matisse, Braque, Bonnard, Rouault and Miró in the creation of important I...